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Policy Secretariat

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July30, 2003

Ms. Jean A. Webb, Secretary Commodity Futures Trading Commission Three Lafayette Centre 1155 21st Street, NW Washington, DC 20581

COMMENT

30 BH 15:

Dear Ms. Webb:

Re: <u>CHICAGO MERCANTILE EXCHANGE (CME) LIVE CATTLE AMENDMENTS</u>

These comments are in regard to the proposed regulation to amend the requirements of the CME's live cattle futures contract. The proposal would require that any cattle delivered on a futures contract be exclusively born and raised in the US. The reason given for the proposal is the mandatory country of origin labeling (COL) provision of the Farm Security and Rural Investment Act of 2002.

The Government of Alberta does not perceive a need to amend the live cattle contract in this way in order to be compliant with COL as mandated by the Farm Security and Rural Investment Act of 2002 (FSRI Act).

The mandatory COL provisions of the FSRI Act require retailers to label beef with its COL at the point of sale to the final consumer. The FSRI Act states that only beef exclusively from cattle that are exclusively born, raised and slaughtered in the US may be labeled as a "product of the US." The FSRI Act's requirement for COL, together with the definition of US origin, results in the need for information regarding where cattle were born and raised to accompany them through sale and processing in order that a retailer may label the resulting beef accurately. Indeed, the FSRI Act requires any person supplying beef to a retailer to provide the retailer with information indicating the COL of the beef. Given the definition of US beef in the FSRI Act, the place where cattle were born and the place or places in which cattle were raised must be known in order to label the beef resulting from the cattle.

The CME is correct in noting that mandatory COL will impact deliveries of live cattle on futures contracts. The CME has erred, however, in determining that mandatory COL requires that only cattle exclusively born and raised in the US may be delivered on a futures contract. Delivery of cattle on a futures contract should be regarded in the same

2

way as any other sale of live cattle. In order to satisfy the COL requirements of the FSRI Act information regarding the country of birth and country or countries of rearing must be exchanged between buyers and sellers of live cattle. Requiring such information to accompany cattle delivered on a futures contract is sufficient to enable retailers to comply with mandatory COL. Thus, cattle born in Mexico and raised in the US could be delivered against a futures contract as long as the country of birth (Mexico) and country of raising (US) were clearly recorded and transmitted to the buyer.

The Government of Alberta finds the proposed change to the requirements of the live cattle futures contract excessive. Requiring sellers to provide information regarding the country in which cattle were born and the country or countries in which cattle were raised is sufficient to meet the mandatory COL provisions of the FSRI Act of 2002.

Sincerely,

Dr. Joe Rosario

Executive Director, Policy Secretariat

Alberta Agriculture, Food and Rural Development